



Pour finir la journée visite d'un haut lieu de l'identité lituanienne

Hill of Crosses

istorija. The Hill of Crosses is a unique place in terms of both its scale and its history.
dydžio At present some 200,000 crosses of various sizes adorn the hill. By continually
monės putting up crosses there people express their devotion to Christ, pray for his help
uodos, and mercy, and identify Lithuania as a Christian land. The site is a reflection of the
ninkų nation's spontaneous religiousness and is probably the place in Lithuania that is
dumo most often visited by pilgrims today. The Hill of Crosses gained immense
tapo significance in the lives of Lithuanian believers during the Soviet era as a sign of
vieta. resistance to the totalitarian regime. After the re-establishment of independence
rimo, new life has been breathed into the Hill of Crosses and it has become a symbol of
sėjo, the entire nation's unshakeable faith, its past suffering and hope. The Hill of Crosses
ikst. gained fame throughout the world on 7 September 1993 when Pope John Paul II
ono visited it and celebrated the Holy Mass for 100,000 people who gathered there. In
XVI 1994 a cross was put up on the site using the crucifix that Pope John Paul II gave to
žiu Lithuania. The cross blessed by Pope Benedict XVI was added in 2006. At the foot
as. of the Hill of Crosses stands a Franciscan monastery built with the encouragement
ai, of Pope John Paul II and consecrated in 2000. The Feast of the Hill of Crosses,
reinstated in 1997, draws large crowds each year on the last Sunday of July.

Góra Krz
swoich rozn
różnej wiel
wyrażają s
znaczą tę
najczęściej
spontanie
nabrała v
zadziwia
niepodle
doznany
w 1990
pielgrz
a w 20
Jana P
pośw
tradyc

Allez au travail : traduisez !













La colline des



Un indice ... la colline des ?



Croix